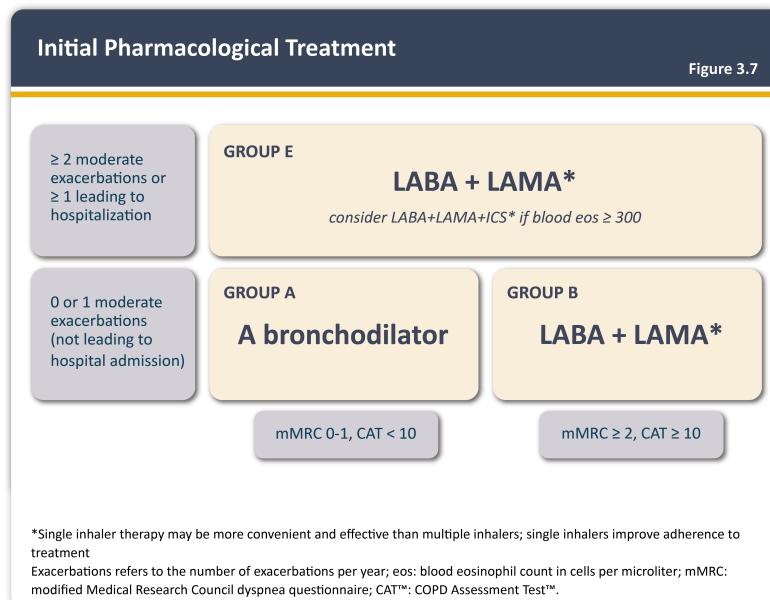
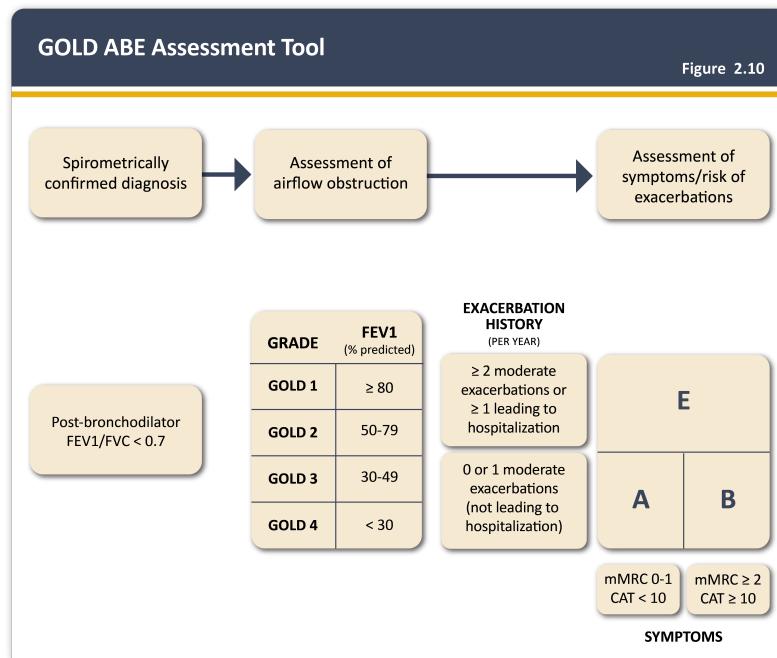


ABORDAGEM DA DPOC – GOLD 2024

Adaptado de [GOLD Report 2024](#)

Informação adicional: [Episódio 168 Podcast MGFamiliar](#) & [Episódio 112 Podcast MGFamiliar](#)



Bibliografia:

Global Strategy for the Diagnosis, Management, and Prevention of Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease. 2024.
<https://goldcopd.org/2024-gold-report/>

Commonly Used Maintenance Medications in COPD*

Figure 3.18

Generic Drug Name	Inhaler Type	Nebulizer	DELIVERY OPTIONS				
			Oral	Injection	Duration of Action		
BETA₂-Agonists							
Short-acting (SABA)							
Fenoterol	MDI	✓	pill, syrup		4-6 hours		
Levalbuterol	MDI	✓			6-8 hours		
Salbutamol (albuterol)	MDI & DPI	✓	pill, syrup, extended release tablet	✓	4-6 hours 12 hours (ext. release)		
Terbutaline	DPI		pill	✓	4-6 hours		
Long-acting (LABA)							
Arformoterol		✓			12 hours		
Formoterol	DPI	✓			12 hours		
Indacaterol	DPI				24 hours		
Olodaterol	SMI				24 hours		
Salmeterol	MDI & DPI				12 hours		
Anticholinergics							
Short-acting (SAMA)							
Ipratropium bromide	MDI	✓			6-8 hours		
Oxitropium bromide	MDI				7-9 hours		
Long-acting (LAMA)							
Aclidinium bromide	DPI				MDI 12 hours		
Glycopyrronium bromide	DPI		solution	✓	12-24 hours		
Tiotropium	DPI, SMI, MDI				24 hours		
Umeclidinium	DPI				24 hours		
Glycopyrronium		✓			12 hours		
Revenefenacin		✓			24 hours		
Combination Short-Acting Beta₂-Agonist Plus Anticholinergic in One Device (SABA+SAMA)							
Fenoterol/ipratropium	SMI	✓			6-8 hours		
Salbutamol/ipratropium	SMI, MDI	✓			6-8 hours		
Combination Long-Acting Beta₂-Agonist Plus Anticholinergic in One Device (LABA+LAMA)							
Formoterol/aclidinium	DPI				12 hours		
Formoterol/glycopyrronium	MDI				12 hours		
Indacaterol/glycopyrronium	DPI				12-24 hours		
Vilanterol/umeclidinium	DPI				24 hours		
Olodaterol/tiotropium	SMI				24 hours		
Methylxanthines							
Aminophylline			solution	✓	Variable, up to 24 hours		
Theophylline (SR)			pill	✓	Variable, up to 24 hours		
Combination of Long-Acting Beta₂-Agonist Plus Corticosteroid in One Device (LABA+ICS)							
Formoterol/bclometasone	MDI, DPI				12 hours		
Formoterol/budesonide	MDI, DPI				12 hours		
Formoterol/mometasone	MDI				12 hours		
Salmeterol/fluticasone propionate	MDI, DPI				12 hours		
Vilanterol/fluticasone furoate	DPI				24 hours		
Triple Combination in One Device (LABA+LAMA+ICS)							
Fluticasone/umeclidinium/vilanterol	DPI				24 hours		
Bclometasone/formoterol/glycopyrronium	MDI, DPI				12 hours		
Budesonide/formoterol/glycopyrrolate	MDI				12 hours		
Phosphodiesterase-4 Inhibitors							
Roflumilast			pill		24 hours		
Mucolytic Agents							
Erdosteine			pill		12 hours		
Carbocysteine†			pill				
N-acetylcysteine†			pill				

*Not all formulations are available in all countries. In some countries other formulations and dosages may be available. †Dosing regimens are under discussion.
MDI = metered dose inhaler; DPI = dry powder inhaler; SMI = soft mist inhaler. Note that glycopyrrolate & glycopyrronium are the same compound.

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Factors to Consider when Initiating ICS Treatment

Figure 3.21

Factors to consider when adding ICS to long-acting bronchodilators:

(note the scenario is different when considering ICS withdrawal)

STRONGLY FAVORS USE

- History of hospitalization(s) for exacerbations of COPD[#]
- ≥ 2 moderate exacerbations of COPD per year[#]
- Blood eosinophils ≥ 300 cells/µL
- History of, or concomitant asthma

FAVORS USE

- 1 moderate exacerbation of COPD per year[#]
- Blood eosinophils 100 to < 300 cells/µL

AGAINST USE

- Repeated pneumonia events
- Blood eosinophils < 100 cells/µL
- History of mycobacterial infection

[#]despite appropriate long-acting bronchodilator maintenance therapy (see Figures 3.7 & 3.18 for recommendations); *note that blood eosinophils should be seen as a continuum; quoted values represent approximate cut-points; eosinophil counts are likely to fluctuate.

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